

Course

IBV - Industrial Image Processing

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General information

Long name	Industrial Image Processing
Approving CModule	<a href="#">IBV_BaET</a> , <a href="#">IBV_BaTIN</a>
Responsible	Prof. Dr. Lothar Thieling Professor Fakultät IME
Level	Bachelor
Semester in the year	summer semester
Duration	Semester
Hours in self-study	78
ECTS	5
Professors	Prof. Dr. Lothar Thieling Professor Fakultät IME
Requirements	basic skills in signal processing basic skills in Java and/or C basic skills in analysis and linear algebra
Language	German
Separate final exam	Yes

Final exam

Details

The students should demonstrate the following competences in an oral exam: 1.) Safe handling of basic concepts and mechanisms. 2.) Analyze problems in the field of industrial image processing and solve them with suitable methods. 3.) Analyze existing solutions and explain the used algorithmic and theory.

Minimum standard

At least 50% of the total number of points

### Exam Type

The students should demonstrate the following competences in an oral exam: 1.) Safe handling of basic concepts and mechanisms. 2.) Analyze problems in the field of industrial image processing and solve them with suitable methods. 3.) Analyze existing solutions and explain the used algorithmic and theory.

## ^ Lecture / Exercises

### Learning goals

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#### Knowledge

image construction, global image properties, and access to image data  
graylevel and color images  
global image properties,  
mean value, variance, entropy  
histogram, cumulative histogram  
development environment  
software design tools  
compiler  
linker  
debugger  
softwaretools for image processing and image analysis  
software-based access to image data and parameters  
overview of the available ip-modules (modules for image processing and image analysis)  
design and implementation of own ip-modules  
design of algorithmic chains based on ip-modules using visual programming

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gray level transformation  
linear gray level transformation, histogram spreading  
non-linear gray level transformation  
histogram equalization  
local histogram equalization  
look-up-table

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analysis and processing of color images  
technical and human color perception  
additive and subtractive color mixing  
RGB color space  
HSI color space  
transformation RGB to HSI and vice versa

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rank-order operators (non-linear filtering)  
max, min, median  
morphologische Operatoren  
erosion, dilation  
opening, closing  
locating structures

analysis and processing in frequency domain  
fourier analysis and synthesis of one-dimensional digital signals  
real spectrum, imaginary spectrum  
amplitude spectrum, phase spectrum  
filtering in frequency domain  
fourier analysis and synthesis of images  
real spectrum, imaginary spectrum  
amplitude spectrum, phase spectrum  
filtering in spatial domain  
non directional filter  
directional filter  
inverse filtering

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linear filtering in spatial domain  
convolution, convolution, transfer function  
typical convolution masks (mean, gaussian, differential-operator, sobel-operator, laplace-operator)  
gradient and its calculation using differential-operator and sobel-operator  
analysis and evaluation of the operator in the frequency domain

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Tracking  
normalized cross-correlation  
without prediction  
with prediction (kalman filter)

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measuring of subpixel edges  
one-dimensional  
two-dimensional using gradient

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## Skills

the presented methods for image enhancement can be  
named  
described  
delineated in terms of application areas  
evaluated in terms of advantages and disadvantages  
problem-specific parameterized

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the presented color spaces and corresponding algorithms can be  
named  
described  
delineated in terms of application areas  
evaluated in terms of advantages and disadvantages  
problem-specific parameterized

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the presented methods for non-linear filtering can be  
named  
described  
delineated in terms of application areas  
evaluated in terms of advantages and disadvantages  
problem-specific parameterized

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Spectra of images and / or convolution masks can be  
analyzed  
designed  
discussed

the presented methods for linear filtering can be (space and frequency domain)  
named  
described  
delineated in terms of application areas  
evaluated in terms of advantages and disadvantages  
problemspecific parameterized

Expenditure classroom teaching

Type	Attendance (h/Wk.)
Lecture	2
Exercises (whole course)	0
Exercises (shared course)	0
Tutorial (voluntary)	0

Separate exam

none

^ Practical training

Learning goals

Skills

purposeful handling of the tool chain for image processing  
deal with complex tasks in a small team  
derive complex solutions that can be implemented using image processing and image analysis

Expenditure classroom teaching

Type	Attendance (h/Wk.)
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Practical training	2
Tutorial (voluntary)	0

## Separate exam

none